An Introduction to Classification & Para-Swimming Pathway (online)

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Learning Objectives

- Introduction to Para-Swimming
- Introduction Swimmer Classification system
- Outline the Para-Swimming Pathway
- Know where to find Further Learning and Coach Development opportunities in Para-Swimming



History of Paralympics





What can you remember from the video?

- Paralympics first started out as.....
 - Stoke Mandeville Games war veterans on the opening day of London 1948 Olympic Games, Archery competition for wheelchair users
- Became an International event in....
 - 1952, Dutch ex-servicemen joined the Movement and the International Stoke Mandeville Games were founded
- Later became the Paralympic games in....(city and year)
 - Rome 1960
- Governing Bodies for the Paralympic Games and Para-Swimming are
 - International Paralympic Committee
 - World Para-Swimming
- Para-Swimming was one of the eight original sports that featured at the first Paralympic Games in Rome. Growth of the games
 - Rome 1960 15 countries and 77 participants
 - London 2012 74 countries and 604 participants
 - Rio 2016 79 countries and 600 participants



Great Britain, Top 5 Performing Paralympic Nation

ATLANTA 1996



SYDNEY 2000



ATHENS 2004

Medal Standings					
1	• CHN	63 🏅	46 🎽	32 🎽	
2	GBR GBR	35 🎽	30 🎽	29 🏅	
3	CAN	28 🏅	19 🎽	25 🏅	
4	USA	27 🏅	22 🎽	39 🏅	
5	🗯 🔁 AUS	26 🎽	39 🎽	36 🏅	

BEIJING 2008

Me	dal Standings			
1	CHN	89 🎽	70 🎽	52 🏅
2	GBR	42 🎽	29 🎽	31 🎽
3	USA	36 🎽	35 🎽	28 🎽
4	UKR	24 🎽	18 🎽	32 🏅
5	AUS	23 🎽	29 🎽	27 🏅

LONDON 2012

Mee	dal Standings			
1	CHN	95 🎽	71 👗	65 🏅
2	RUS	36 🎽	38 👗	28 🏅
3	GBR	34 🎽	43 🎽	43 🏅
4	UKR	32 🎽	24 🎽	28 🎽
5	aus Aus	32 🎽	23 🎽	30 🎽

RIO 2016 Medal Standings CHN 107 👗 81 👗

				-
2	GBR	64 🎽	39 👗	44 🎽
3	UKR	41 🎽	37 🔪	39 🎽
4	USA	40 🎽	44 👗	31 🎽
5	🗮 AUS	22 🎽	30 🎽	29 🎽

1



51 👗

Main Impairment Groups

To become a classified Para-Swimmer, a swimmer must have an impairment that affects their swimming ability. What are the main impairment groups in Para-Swimming?





INTELLECTUAL



Classification – Eligibility & Requirements

Swimmers must meet the eligibility criteria for their medical condition to be recognised in order to progress onto the competitive Para-Swimming Pathway. The primary diagnosis must be stable and belong to one of the 10 eligible impairment types:

- Hypertonia (high muscle tone)
- Ataxia (involuntary movement)
- Athetosis (involuntary contraction of muscles)
- Limb deficiency
- Impaired passive range of movement

- Impaired muscle power
- Leg length difference
- Short stature
- Visual
- Intellectual



Classification – Eligibility & Requirements

To proceed to the physical & technical assessment of the classification process, a swimmer must be eligible (overleaf) and be / able to:

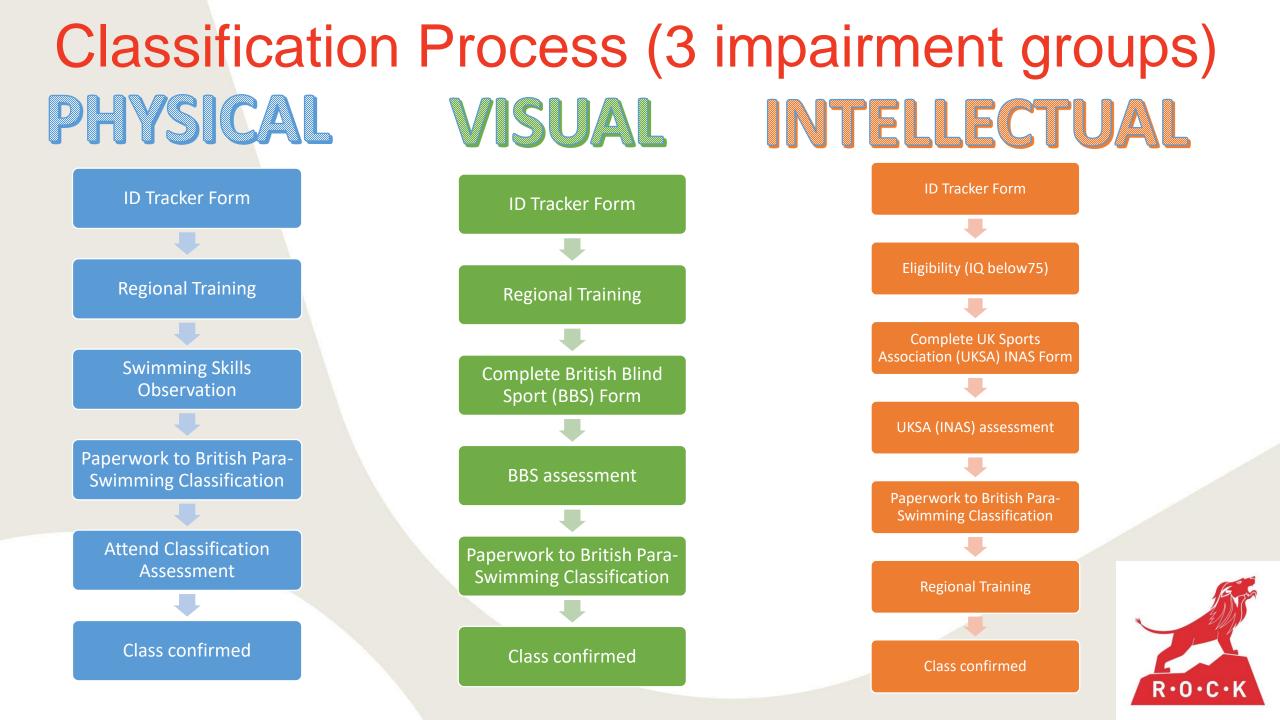
Must be a Swim England Cat 2 Member of a Swimming Club

Training regularly (suggested 3 times a week)

Able to complete a set of approx. 1k

- Be able to swim a minimum 50m / 100m of three strokes – (impairment permitting) (freestyle, backstroke and breaststroke)
- Minimum of 5 recognisable strokes of butterfly (where the impairment permits)





Classification – Swimmer Classes

If an applicant is deemed to have an impairment which significantly affects their swimming ability, they will receive a swimming classification;

- Classes S1-S10 are allocated to swimmers with a physical impairment
- Classes S11-S13 are allocated to swimmers with a visual impairment
- Class S14 is allocated to swimmers with an intellectual impairment

Athletes can be allocated 3 classifications; Prefix S, SB & SM

- S denotes the class for Freestyle, Backstroke and Butterfly
- SB denotes the class for Breaststroke
- SM denotes the class for Individual Medley



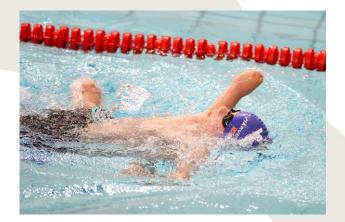
What can you remember???

Question 1.

Is Disability Swimming and Para-Swimming the same thing?

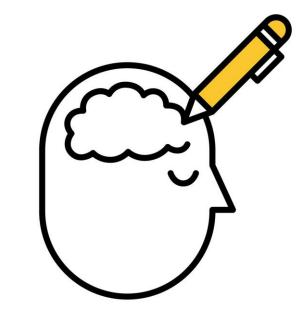
Answer: No

Para-Swimming is the competitive element of disability swimming for swimmers with impairments eligible for the Paralympics







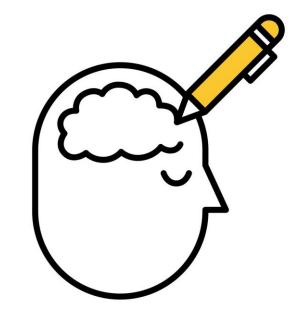


Question 2. Are there 5, 10 or 12 'eligible' impairments for Para-Swimming?

Answer: 10

Question 3. How many of the 'eligible' impairments are physical?

Answer: 8 Hypertonia (high muscle tone), Ataxia (involuntary movement), Athetosis (involuntary contraction of muscles), Limb deficiency, Impaired passive range of movement, Impaired muscle power, leg length difference, short stature





Question 4.

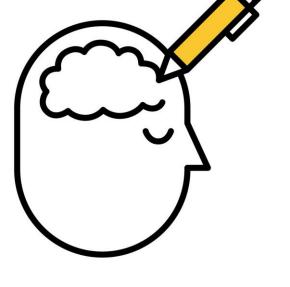
If eight of the ten 'eligible' impairments for Para-Swimming are physical what are the other two?

Answer: Visual Impairment and Intellectual Impairment

Question 5.

Do all Visually impaired swimmers have to use either blacked out goggles or a 'Tapper'.

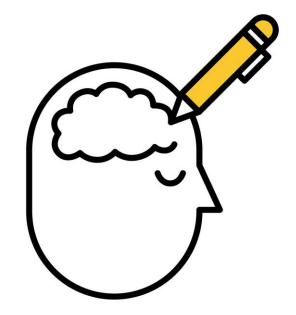
Answer: No Only S11 swimmers must use blacked out goggles and 'Tappers'.





Question 6. What is the eligibility for Intellectually Impaired athletes?

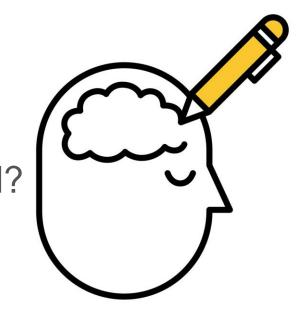
Answer: IQ of 75 or below Social adaptation Proof of onset before the age of 18





Question 7. How many classifications can an athlete be allocated?

Answer: 3 S: Freestyle, Backstroke and Butterfly SB: Breaststroke SM: Medley



S1MostSB1ImpairedSM1

Least S10 Impaired SB9 SM10

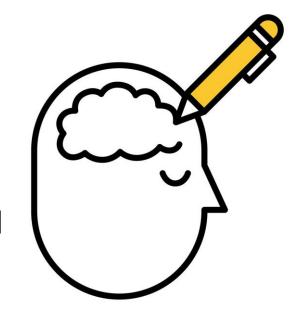


Question 8.

You have been asked to organise a Para-Swimming Regional Championship. When you get to the facility the manger apologises and explains that the hoist is not working. What would you need to do?

Answer:

Nothing they are not used in Para-Swimming competitions.





Question 9.

What is the Long-Course world record for the male S1: 100m F/S? What is the Long-Course world record for the male S10: 100m F/S?

Answer: S1: Itzhak Mamistvalov - Israel: 2:15:83 S10: Andre Brazil – Brazil: 50:87



Question 10.

Here are the times from a 'Multi-Classification' race. Did the swimmer who touched first, win the race?

Swimmer A	S13	53:70
Swimmer B	S9	57:18
Swimmer C	S12	54:08

Answer: No

Swimmer	Classification	Time	Points
Swimmer B	S9	57:18	850
Swimmer A	S13	53:70	849
Swimmer C	S12	54:08	834



Question 11.

Is coaching Para-Swimmers the same as coaching able bodied swimmers?

Answer:

Yes coaching is coaching and coach the individual.

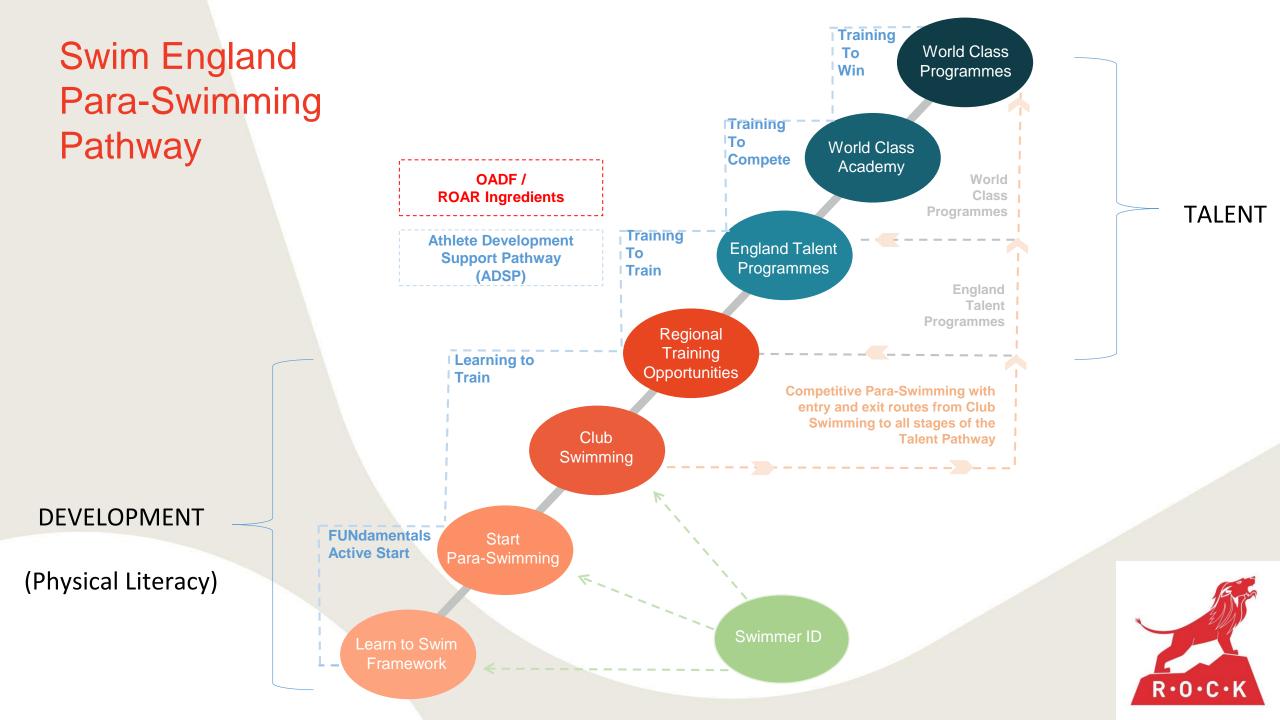
Question 12.

Is there a coach pathway in Para-Swimming?

Answer:

Yes







Athlete Development Support Pathway (ADSP)

- Previously referred to Long Term Athlete Development (LTAD)
- Designed to show teachers and coaches what things athletes need to be completed at specific stages
- Made up of six stages:
 - Active Start,
 - FUNdamentals,
 - Swim Skills,
 - Training to Train,
 - Training to Compete
 - Training to Win





Athlete Development Support Pathway (ADSP)

Task (10mins)

- In small groups discuss the ADSP stages and consider the following;
 - Age Groups?
 - Skill / Stroke Technique?
 - Sessions Volume & Intensity?
 - Frequency/Number of sessions per week?
 - You have a Para-Swimmer within the group who has limited use of both legs
 - What adaptations in sets might you need to consider?

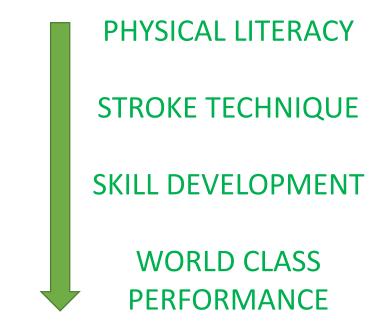


ADSP - Overview

Active Start Unstructured / free / fun play	FUNdamentals Structured / deliberate practice / fun play	Learning to Train (swim skills) Development & skill/technique practice	Training to Train Skill/technique & fitness development	Training to Compete Skill/technique & Fitness	Training to Win High performance through training & competition
Introduction of early physical movement skills	Children 6-8 years old in girls, 6-9 years old in boys	Girls aged 8-11 years Boys aged 10-12 years	Girls aged 11-15 years Boys aged 12-16 years	Females aged 15-18 years Males aged 16-19 years	Females aged 18+ years Males aged 19+ years
Children 0-6 years old	Fundamental skill development	Further development of CAS and stroke technique	Basic speed training	Preparation for high performance programmes	Maximising the engine
Fun, safe and stimulating	Structured and fun activities	Multi stroke development	High volume of training with low intensity	Optimising the engine	Elite Performance
Unstructured play either child led, or led by parents and teacher	Development of physical literacy	Increased fitness through aerobic and speed development	Advance development of CAS and stroke technique	High volume workloads with increasing intensity	Individual advanced training plans
Informal and unstructured	Basis of learning to swim effectively	Introduction to Clubs (various disciplines)	Building the engine	Development of strength	
Foundation/Pre-School Framework of LTS	Stages 1-7 of the LTS Framework	Aquatic Skills Framework / Club junior programmes	· · ·		

ADSP - Overview

- Active Start / FUNdamentals basic movement literacy
- Learning to Train (SwimSkills) building technique
- Training to Train building the engine
- Training to Compete optimising the engine
- Training to Win maximising the engine
- Active for Life



By delivering Active Start and FUNdamentals in a fun and enjoyable way Teachers build the foundations for a lifelong participation in aquatics, thus an Active Lifestyle for Life as they progress through the stages or remain as a healthy casual swimmer.

"Creating a happier, healthier and more successful nation through swimming" (Swim England: Towards a Nation Swimming 2017)

ADSP

ADSP		Age	Programme	Para-Swimming
Training to Win	F 18+	M 19+	Senior	British
Training to Compete	F 15-18	M 16-19	Youth	England / British
Training to Train	F 11-15	M 12-16	Age into Youth	England Talent
Learning to Train	F 8-11	M 9-12	Junior into Age	Regional
FUNdamentals	F 6-8	M 6-9	LTS into Junior	LTS / Start Para
Active Start	0-6		LTS	LTS

- Para-Swimmers supported and developed in their home clubs at all stages
- Those selected for Talent programmes receive additional bespoke support
- At Training to Compete, athletes selected for funding have an opportunity to train/join the NPC in Manchester



Para-Swimming Coach Pathway





Further CPD and Support

TEACHING

- An Introduction to Disability Swimming (online)
- Deaf Friendly Swimming (online)
- Visually Impaired Friendly Swimming (online)
- Integrating Autistic Children into Mainstream Swimming
- Teaching Aquatics to Children with Learning Difficulties
- Para-Swimming Regional training (see Regional websites)
- Swim England
 - paraswimming@swimming.org

<u>COACHING</u>

- An Introduction to Para Swimming (online)
- Coaching Para-Swimmers in a Mainstream Coaching Environment
 - IOS https://www.theiosonline.com
- Para-Swimming Regional training (see Regional websites)
- Para-Swimming Coach Pathway stages
 - tommcmanus@swimming.org

- Swim England
 - paraswimming@swimming.org



Summary

- Para-Swimming is the competitive pathway for swimmers with eligible impairments
- The pathway follows ADSP guidelines
- The Development part of the pathway is at the lower stages of ADSP and the session content must assess and develop Physical Literacy
- Don't compare the Para-Swimmer to other able bodied/mainstream swimmers, they
 may be highly ranked in the world or have potential to be within their classification
- The journey of a Para-Swimmer through the stages of ADSP may take longer than an able bodied swimmer
- For more information and support contact;

paraswimming@swimming.org

